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Semi-Automated Risk Assessment (SARA) 17 Jan 2024

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Semi-automated risk assessment at the data access stage

- Focus on two parts of the process:
 - Enhancing record-keeping on how data are brought together for research purposes (data provenance)
 - Identifying privacy risks within excerpts of unstructured free-text (e.g. hospital discharge summaries)

Understand public and stakeholder perceptions of appropriate risk levels around data provenance and privacy in clinical free-text

Framework and prototype for partial automation of risk assessment of clinical freetext

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Framework for semiautomation of data provenance creation and auditing to improve risk assessment Framework for semi-automation of data provenance creation and auditing to improve risk assessment



Cardiac Surgeries and Procedures

The Context

Critical Care treatment

Maternity services

GP events: codes for symptoms, observations, diagnoses, etc

GP registrations

Data can be sourced from a number of systems that support direct patient care

Emergency Department attendances

Hospital Admissions and Discharges

Emergency Department attendances

Laboratory results: e.g. blood tests

Mental Health services

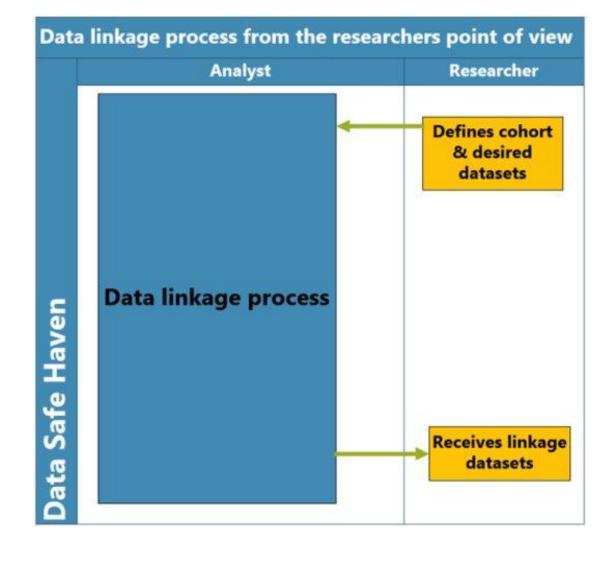
Framework for semi-automation of data provenance creation and auditing to improve risk assessment

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The Context

Data linkage within trusted research environments is perceived by researchers to be 'a black box'. Better understanding has potential to enhance research.

Provenance (information about entities, activities, and people involved in producing data) can be used to form assessments about its quality, reliability or trustworthiness and enhance knowledge/usefulness of research output.



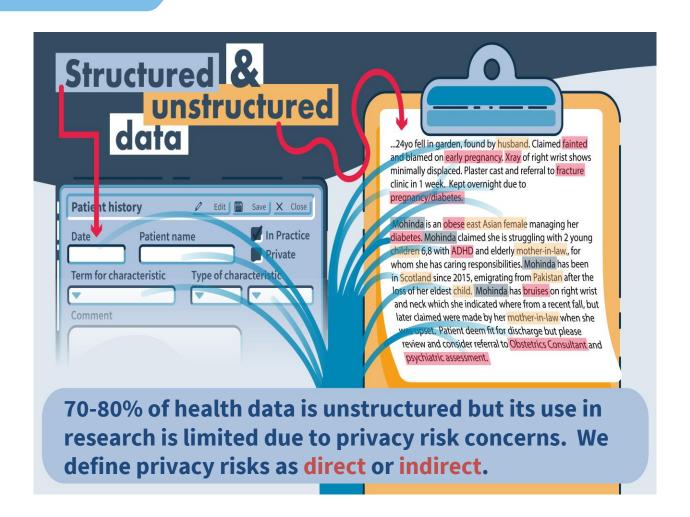
Framework and prototype for partial automation of risk assessment of clinical free-text

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The Context

The processing of structured data for research is well understood.

Structured data includes dates, names, codes for different conditions, etc



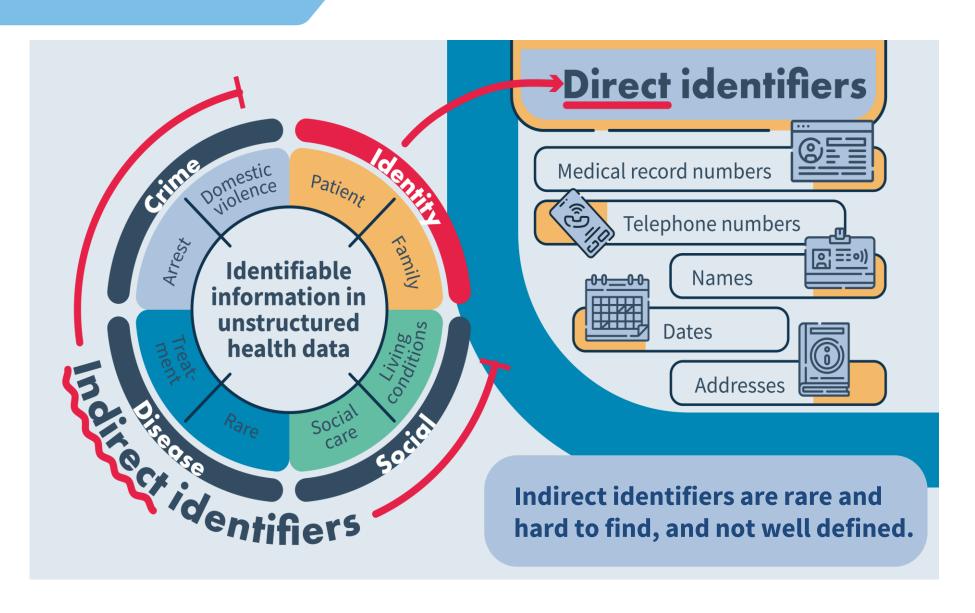
Unstructured data

– like GP notes
and hospital
discharge
summaries - is
more challenging
to make available
for research.

The privacy risks need closer scrutiny.

Framework and prototype for partial automation of risk assessment of clinical free-text







Approach to Public Involvement and Engagement

Understand public and stakeholder perceptions of appropriate risk levels around data provenance and privacy in clinical freetext



Approach to Public Involvement and Engagement (PIE)



Deliberative workshops

- Introductory online workshop for all participants
- In-person workshops Aberdeen / Edinburgh
- 39 participants in all, targeted recruitment

Online survey

- Questions informed by workshop findings
- Used KnowledgePanel UK existing Ipsos panel
- 1,030 adult respondents





Approach to Data Provenance



Framework for semi-automation of data provenance creation and auditing to improve risk assessment

Principle Activities

- Interviews with analysts, information governance specialists, research coordinators to understand what information is beneficial for each role
- Development of background processes
- Production of dashboard to provide information in meaningful way

dash:projectX/import/DaSH123_SMR01_Release_v1.csv

Dataset Details

Description: In-patient hospital data capturing information throughout patient's hospital stay, diagnosis and operations performed.

Path: file:///c:/projectX/import/DaSH123_SMR01_Release_v1.csv

Row Count: 231
Unique CHIs: 211
Male/Female ratio: 49

Validations

Variables Violating Min Constraint (0): PASS

Variables Violating Max Constraint (0): PASS

Sensitive Variables Found (0): PASS

Dataset Contains Variables Not Present In Linkage Plan (0): PASS

| Dataset Var | iables Statistics | | | | | | |
|------------------|-------------------|------------|------------|----------------------|------------|--------------|--|
| | Data Type | Min Value | Max Value | Smallest Distinct Nu | . Complete | Complete (%) | |
| ADMISSION DATE | date | 2015-08-01 | 2018-12-31 | 1 | 231 | 100 | |
| ADMISSION REASON | string | 1A | | 1 | 231 | 100 | |
| ADMISSION TYPE | numeric | 11 | 99 | 1 | 231 | 100 | |
| DATE OF MAIN OP | date | 2015-08-01 | 2018-12-31 | 1 | 231 | 100 | |
| DATE OF MAIN OP | date | 2015-08-08 | 2018-12-31 | 1 | 13 | 6 | |
| DATE OF MAIN OP | date | 2015-09-02 | 2018-12-31 | 1 | 2 | 1 | |
| DISCHARGE DATE | date | 2015-08-06 | 2018-12-31 | 1 | 231 | 100 | |
| DISCHARGE TRAN | string | 00 | 99 | 1 | 231 | 100 | |
| DISCHARGE TYPE | string | 10 | 11 | 1 | 231 | 100 | |
| DaSH123 StudyNu | numeric | 2222000001 | 2222000658 | 1 | 231 | 100 | |
| MAIN CONDITION | string | D123 | Z987 | 1 | 231 | 100 | |
| MAIN OPERATION | string | XZ98 | DC321 | 1 | 231 | 100 | |
| MAIN OPERATION 1 | string | XZ98 | DC321 | 1 | 13 | 6 | |
| MAIN OPERATION 2 | string | XZ98 | XZ98 | 1 | 2 | 1 | |
| OTHER CONDITIO | string | D123 | D123 | 1 | 210 | 91 | |
| OTHER CONDITIO | string | D123 | D123 | 1 | 183 | 80 | |



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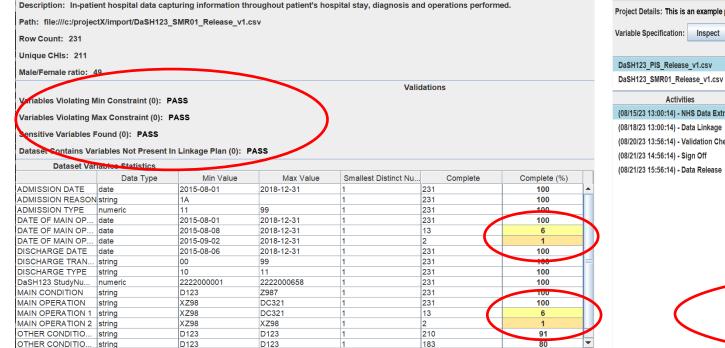
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Framework for semi-automation of data provenance creation and auditing to improve risk assessment

dash:projectX/import/DaSH123 SMR01 Release v1.csv

Public Feedback incorporated into Dashboards



| , , pp | | | | | |
|---|---|---|--|--|--|
| Project Details: This is an example project v | with dummy data for testing. | | | | |
| Variable Specification: Inspect | | | | | |
| | Released Files (2) | | | | |
| DaSH123_PIS_Release_v1.csv | | | | | |
| DaSH123_SMR01_Release_v1.csv | | | | | |
| Activities | Activity Details | | | | |
| (08/15/23 13:00:14) - NHS Data Extraction | Activity: Analysts joined, filtered, deidentified with pseudo-UIDs and exported datasets from NHS/external sources. | | | | |
| (08/18/23 13:00:14) - Data Linkage | Completed by: dash:staff/JD | | | | |
| (08/20/23 13:56:14) - Validation Check | Inputs (3) | | | | |
| (08/21/23 14:56:14) - Sign Off | SMR01 | 8 | | | |
| (08/21/23 15:56:14) - Data Release | PIS | 9 | | | |
| | dlp | 8 | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | Outputs (2) | _ | | | |
| | DaSH123_PIS_Release_v1.csv | | | | |
| | DaSH123_SMR01_Release_v1.csv | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | Validations | | | | |
| | No validation checks set for this activity | | | | |
| | Comments | | | | |
| | ▲ JD ① 2023-08-15 14:32:17 | | | | |
| | PIS source data missing June and July 2017 records. Researchers ok'd. | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |



Approach to Privacy Risk

Framework and prototype for partial automation of risk assessment of clinical freetext



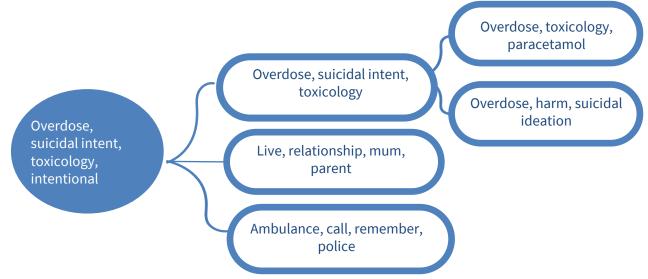
~89,000 discharge summaries (age range, SIMD, Ethnicity, Sex)

Remove irrelevant parts of report using clinical templates (drug lists, headers etc.)

Apply text mining approaches to explore the data: phrase & word freq. BERTopic modelling



Principle Activities



Example: Sentence-based clusters with BERTopic, topic representation generated using class-based TF-IDF

Use cluster labels to focus report reading with qualitative approach to build privacy risk map

Framework and prototype for partial automation of risk assessment of clinical freetext

What did we learn during our public consultation?

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Explored public opinion of identifiers and how semiautomation can be used to address risks.

Participants were broadly supportive of the use of semi-automation to address privacy risks but believed:



- Some data should be coded to ensure valuable details for research are not lost while preserving confidentiality.
- The process should involve discussion with specialists.
- Audit trails and human assessment are necessary to ensure processes run correctly.

Framework and prototype for partial automation of risk assessment of clinical freetext

"Understanding the risks in new free text data or data within cohorts will help us make proportionate riskbased decisions faster."

Privacy Risk Dashboard

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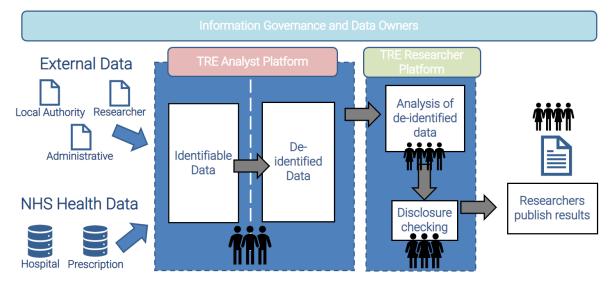


Next Steps for Data Provenance and Privacy Risk

Next Steps

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- Trial the dashboards within other Trusted Research Environments
- Create different dashboards tailored for different users
- Can the privacy risk approach be applied to other record types beyond hospital discharge summaries?
- Further public consultation to provide feedback on future iterations and ensure approach remains appropriate
- Combining the two elements into a single, overarching risk identification and assessment dashboard





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Thank you

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